MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 OF TURNER COUNTY

AUDIT REPORT

FISCAL YEAR JULY 1, 2023, TO JUNE 30, 2024

105 EAST MAIN, PARKSTON, SOUTH DAKOTA 57366

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2024

BOARD MEMBERS:

Scott Tieszen – President Jared Schmidt – Vice-President Matt Donlan Jen McConniel Amanda Zick

SUPERINTENDENT:

Brian Brosnahn

BUSINESS MANAGER:

Crystal Longe

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

School Board Marion School District No. 60-3 Turner County, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Marion School District No. 60-3 South Dakota (School District), as of June 30, 2024 and for the year in the period then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2025, which was adverse because we were not able to determine the accuracy of the cash balances beyond the fact that material misstatements exist.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings as items 2024-001 and 2024-002 to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings as item 2024-003.

School District's Response to Findings

Governmental Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit. The School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings. The School District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

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Certified Public Accountants

Schoenfish & Co., dre

September 29, 2025

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SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS:

Internal Control - Related Finding - Material Weakness:

Finding Number 2023-001:

A material weakness in internal controls was noted due to a lack of proper segregation of duties for revenues resulting in decreased reliability of reported financial data and increased potential for the loss of public assets. This comment has not been corrected and is restated as current audit finding number 2024-001.

Finding Number 2023-002:

Errors and omissions were noted in the annual financial statements prepared by school officials due to inadequate accounting records controls. This comment has not been corrected and is restated as current audit finding number 2024-002.

Compliance - Related Finding:

Finding Number 2023-003:

The Special Education Fund spent money in excess of amounts available. This comment has not been corrected and is restated as current audit finding number 2024-003.

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SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS (Continued)

CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS:

Internal Control - Related Finding - Material Weakness:

Finding Number 2024-001:

Condition:

A material weakness in internal controls was noted due to a lack of proper segregation of duties for revenues. This has been a continuing audit comment since fiscal year 1998.

Criteria:

Proper segregation of duties results in increased reliability of reported financial data and decreased potential for the loss of public assets through the separation of key accounting and physical control functions.

The AICPA states that, "Segregation of Duties (SOD) is a basic building block of sustainable risk management and internal controls for a business. The principle of SOD is based on shared responsibilities of a key process that disperses the critical functions of that process to more than one person or department. Without this separation in key processes, fraud and error risks are far less manageable."

Cause of Condition:

A limited number of employees process all revenue transactions from beginning to end. They also receive money, issue receipts, record receipts, post receipts in the accounting records, prepare bank deposits, reconcile bank statements, and prepare financial statements. A lack of proper segregation of duties existed for the revenues resulting in decreased reliability of reported financial data and increased potential for the loss of public assets.

Potential Effect of Condition:

There is an increased likelihood that errors could occur and not be detected in a timely manner by employees in the ordinary course of performing their duties.

Recommendation:

 We recommend that the Marion School District No. 60-3 officials be cognizant of this lack of segregation of duties for revenues and attempt to provide compensating internal controls whenever, and wherever, possible and practical.

Client's Response:

The Marion School District No. 60-3 Board President, Scott Tieszen, is the contact person responsible for the corrective action plan for this comment. This comment is due to the size of the Marion School District No. 60-3, which precludes staffing at a level sufficient to provide an ideal environment for internal controls. We are aware of this problem and are attempting to develop policies and provide compensating controls.

Finding Number 2024-002:

Condition:

Errors and omissions were noted in the annual financial statements prepared by school officials due to inadequate accounting records controls. This has been a continuing audit comment since fiscal year 2022.

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SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS (Continued)

Criteria:

Accurate and complete financial information must be presented in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board to be useful to the users of these financial statements.

Cause of Condition:

Some of the more significant errors and omissions noted affecting the annual financial statements are as follows:

- a. Year-end inventory was not adjusted to reflect the actual values on the financial statements.
- b. Accrued leave was not adjusted to actual at year-end.
- c. Accounts payable was posted to the wrong period.
- d. Benefits payable was not adjusted to actual at year-end.
- e. Capital assets were not adjusted to actual at year-end. Equipment purchased through the Capital Outlay Fund for the Food Service Fund was not recorded as a capital contribution.
- f. We were unable to determine the price adults were charged and how many meals were free to the adults. The variance between the actual and potential food service adult revenue was \$4,212.07.
- g. Interest earned on CDs was not recorded on the financial statements.
- h. Supply Chain Assistance unearned revenue and revenue accounts were not adjusted to reflect the amount spent throughout the year.
- i. Interest was not included when calculating right-to-use lease payables.
- j. Ffavor's listed under the Department of Defense was not recorded as commodities received.
- k. Outstanding taxes were not reconciled with the county auditor in order to correctly report current and delinquent taxes on the financial statements.
- I. Variances on the bank reconciliations were not resolved to accurately report cash at year-end. There was \$81,828.00 in unresolved variances on the reconciliation.

Potential Effect of Condition:

As a result, there is an increased likelihood that errors could occur and not be detected in a timely manner by employees in the ordinary course of performing their duties, and improper records were maintained for the Marion School District No. 60-3.

Recommendation:

We recommend adequate accounting records controls be implemented and followed to ensure future annual financial statements be completely, accurately, and consistently prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Client's Response:

The Marion School District Board President, Scott Tieszen, is the contact person responsible for the corrective action plan for this comment. The School District will be more careful to properly follow generally accepted accounting principles and resolve any discrepancies in accounting controls in accordance with the School's adopted internal control policy.

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SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS (Continued)

Compliance - Related Finding:

Finding Number 2024-003:

Condition:

The Special Education Fund was budgeted to spend more than available. This has been a continuing audit comment since fiscal year 2021.

Criteria:

SDCL 13-11 states in part, "the school board shall prepare a proposed budgeted for the next fiscal year according to the budgeting standards prescribed by the auditor general for consideration not later than the regular meeting the month of May.....Before October first, every school shall approve a budget for the anticipated obligations of each fund, except trust and agency funds, for the school fiscal year.

Cause of Condition:

The School District budgeted to spend more than available, which is not allowed as stated in SDCL 13-11-2.

Potential Effect of Condition:

Budgets are not being properly adopted in accordance with budgetary guidelines.

Recommendation :

3. We recommend that budgets be adopted in accordance with SDCL 13-11-2.

Client's Response:

The Marion School District No. 60-3 Board President, Scott Tieszen, is the contact person responsible for the corrective action plan for this comment. The School District will be more careful to follow budgetary guidelines prescribed by law.

CLOSING CONFERENCE

The audit was discussed with the officials during the course of the audit and with the superintendent, and business manager at the conclusion of the audit.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

School Board Marion School District No. 7-2 Marion, South Dakota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Adverse Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Marion School District No. 60-3, South Dakota (School District), as of June 30, 2024, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on the Financial Statements as a Whole section of our report, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the Marion School District No. 60-3 as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on the Financial Statements as a Whole

The financial statements did not report accurate cash balances. Bank reconciliations are completed monthly, but large variances remain unresolved at year-end. These unknown, large variances are causing improper reporting of cash balances.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
 the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), and the Schedule of the School District Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The School District has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the

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basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the School District Officials but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 29, 2025 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.
Certified Public Accountants

Schoenfish & Ev. chrc.

September 29, 2025

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MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of June 30, 2024

	P	rimary Governmen	t
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,208,219.56	11,535.76	2,219,755.32
Investments	224,885.56		224,885.56
Taxes Receivable	1,104,674.40	2.640.00	1,104,674.40
Other Assets	471,164.16	2,648.09 1,035.82	473,812.25 1,035.82
Inventories Interfund Balances	44,066.11	(44,066.11)	0.00
Net Pension Asset	6,151.03	(44,000.11)	6,151.03
Capital Assets:	- 0,101.00		- 0,101.00
Land	154,679.61		154,679.61
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depr./Amort.	3,126,508.20	94,210.26	3,220,718.46
TOTAL ASSETS	7,340,348.63	65,363.82	7,405,712.45
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	543,385.17		543,385.17
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	543,385.17	0.00	543,385.17
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts Payable	76,336.05	527.55	76,863.60
Other Current Liabilities	263,871.59	5,041.84	268,913.43
Unearned Revenue		24,951.90	24,951.90
Noncurrent Liabilities:			22 722 22
Due Within One Year	23,700.00		23,700.00
Due in More than One Year	54,235.85	-	54,235.85
TOTAL LIABILITIES	418,143.49	30,521.29	448,664.78
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Property Taxes Levied for Future Period	1,104,674.40		1,104,674.40
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	307,404.87		307,404.87
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,412,079.27	0.00	1,412,079.27
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,239,137.81	94,210.26	3,333,348.07
Restricted for:	0,200,107101		0,000,010.0.
Capital Outlay Purposes	1,757,886.92		1,757,886.92
Special Education Purposes	59,154.13		59,154.13
SDRS Pension Purposes	242,131.33		242,131.33
Unrestricted	755,200.85	(59,367.73)	695,833.12
TOTAL NET POSITION	6,053,511.04	34,842.53	6,088,353.57

Net (Expense) Revenue and

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Program Revenues	(5)	3	Changes in Net Position	tion
			Operating	Capital		Primary Government	ent
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:	10073 700 1		00 000		1000		
Support Services	1,445,108.16	39,907.32	38,683.52	273,974.41	(1,092,542.91)		(1,092,542,91)
Cocurricular Activities	167,976.80	14,041.66	4,320.50		(149,614.64)		(149,614.64)
Total Governmental Activities	3,540,764.87	53,948.98	392,695.02	273,974.41	(2,820,146.46)		(2,820,146.46)
Business-type Activities: Food Service Driver's Education After School	202,180.54 27,234.89 4,188.91	55,455.88 6,050.00 21,494.91	75,471.40			(71,253.26) (21,184.89) 17,306.00	(71,253.26) (21,184.89) 17,306.00
Total Business-type Activities	233,604.34	83,000.79	75,471.40	0.00	0.00	(75,132.15)	(75,132.15)]
Total Primary Government	3,774,369.21	136,949.77	468,166.42	273,974.41	(2,820,146.46)	(75,132.15)	(2,895,278.61)
			General Revenues: Taxes: Property Taxes Utility Taxes Revenue from State Sources: State Aid Unrestricted Investment Earnings Other General Revenues Transfers Change in Net Position Net Position - Beginning Restatements: Prior Year's Payables Improperty	te Sources: ment Earnings renues ues & Transfers on ning	2,346,600.35 304,160.16 671,264.03 29,589.33 31,099.71 (35,757.48) 3,346,956.10 526,809.64 5,481,165.09	35,757.48 35,757.48 (39,374.67)	2,346,600.35 304,160.16 671,264.03 29,589.33 31,099.71 0.00 3,382,713.58 487,434.97 5,555,382.29
			··· >>>\ noning	.(2)			10,000,01

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

NET POSITION - ENDING

5,600,918.60

74,217.20

5,526,701.40

Restated Net Position - Beginning

34,842.53

6,053,511.04

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of June 30, 2024

Capital Special Total Outlay Education Governmental Fund Funds	1,643,145.20 141,095.43 2,208,219.56 316,533.22 221,432.51 1,089,472.71 4,189.63 2,902.60 15,201.69 116,807.00 44,066.11	2,080,675.05 365,430.54 4,053,009.79	2,065.28 61,514.26 76,336.05 14,984.31 208,876.72	5,442.73 54,994.87 2,065.28 81,941.30	4,189.632,902.6015,201.69316,533.22221,432.511,089,472.71320,722.85224,335.111,104,674.40	1,757,886.92 1,757,886.92 59,154.13 59,154.13 23,211.00 767,875.70 1,757,886.92 59,154.13	
General	423,978.93 224,885.56 551,506.98 8,109.46 44,066.11 354,357.16	1,606,904.20	12,756.51	49,552.14 256,201.06	8,109.46 551,506.98 559,616.44	23,211.00 767,875.70 791,086.70	
	ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Taxes ReceivableCurrent Taxes ReceivableDelinquent Due from Food Service Fund Due from Other Government	TOTAL ASSETS	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities: Accounts Payable Contracts Payable Payroll Deductions, Withholdings and	Employer Matching Payable Total Liabilities	Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Property Taxes Levied for a Future Period Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	Fund Balances: Restricted: Capital Outlay Special Education Assigned for Next Year's Budget Unassigned	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Total Fund Balances - Govern	2,608,127.75				
Amounts reported for government of net position are different					
	Net pension asset reported in governmental activities is not an available financial resource and therefore is not reported in the funds.	6,151.03			
	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	3,281,187.81			
	Pension related deferred outflows are components of pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.				
	Long-term liabilities, including right-to-use leases and accrued leave payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(77,935.85)			
	Pension related deferred inflows are components of pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(307,404.87)			
Net Position - Governmental A	6,053,511.04				

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Total Governmental Funds	2,3	29,589.33 10,702.51 500.00 2,839.15 6,248.87 6,248.87 15,474.02	12,759.75 2,575.49 671,264.03 183,756.50	98,623.00 378,041.06 15 4,103,041.54
Special Education Fund	471,377.03 32,175.87 333.85 657.17	36,035.23	180,836.00	721,415.15
Capital Outlay Fund	699,474.63 714.61 453.80 1,011.74		2,920.50	64,000.000 264,837.20 1,033,412.48
General	1,135,004.93 1,898.82 1,780.24 304,160.16	29,589.33 10,702.51 500.00 2,839.15 6,248.87 3,872.09 15,474.02	12,759.75 2,575.49 671,264.03	34,623.00 113,203.86 2,348,213.91
	Revenues: Revenue from Local Sources: Taxes: Ad Valorem Taxes Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes Tax Deed Revenue Utility Taxes Penalties and Interest on Taxes	Cocurricular Activities: Admissions Rentals Other Student Activity Income Other Revenue from Local Sources: Contributions and Donations Charges for Services Other	Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County Apportionment Revenue In Lieu of Taxes Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid Restricted Grants-in-Aid	Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received Directly from Federal Government Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received from Federal Government Through the State Total Revenue

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Regular Programs:				
Elementary	501,632.60	24,390.46		526,023.06
Middle/Junior High	276,447.78	16,563.45		293,011.23
High School	430,995.66	27,742.94		458,738.60
Preschool Services	26,400.18			26,400.18
Special Programs:				
Programs for Special Education			435,287.40	435,287.40
Culturally Different	4,091.49			4,091.49
Educationally Deprived	75,453.58	32,900.84		108,354.42
Other Special Programs	325.00			325.00
Support Services:				
Students:				
Guidance	75,593.34			75,593.34
Health	1,144.64		18,953.50	20,098.14
Psychological			1,153.80	1,153.80
Speech Pathology			67,989.24	67,989.24
Student Therapy Services			51,936.31	51,936.31
Instructional Staff:				
Improvement of Instruction	16,878.47			16,878,47
Educational Media	52,475.98	19,695.44	194.44	72,365.86
General Administration:				
Board of Education	57,776.93		3,261.44	61,038.37
Executive Administration	137,785.98			137,785.98
School Administration:	5)			
Office of the Principal	109,188.46			109,188.46
Other	175.60			175.60
Business:				
Fiscal Services	188,542.61	8,477.60	5,131.52	202,151.73
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		44,626.47		44,626.47
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	358,977.22	7,197.46		366,174.68
Student Transportation	53,876.33	68.57		53,944.90
Food Services	5,544.57	597.65		6,142.22

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

al nental	sp	5,151.51	28,980.52 48,540.15	8,230.60	34,559.59 32,604.65 17,118.84 61,074.65	490,817.19	3,867,890.40	235,151.14	159,325.48 (168,671.48) 43,500.00 290.45	34,444.45	269,595.59	2,292,995.85	45,536.31	2 338 532 1E	007.10
Total Governmental	Funds	7,	28,	8,	34, 32, 17,	490,] 3,867,		159, (168, 43,			-	45,		
Special Education	Fund		28,980.52 48,540.15				661,428.32	59,986.83	23,917.00	23,917.00	83,903.83	(24,749.70)		(74 749 70)	01.01.10.0
Capital Outlay	Fund	4,900.00		8,230.60	12,012.47	490,817.19	698,221.14	335,191.34	(135,408.48)	(91,908.48)	243,282.86	1,469,067.75	45,536.31	1 514 604 06	00.100,100
General	Fund	251.51			34,559.59 32,604.65 17,118.84 49,062.18		2,508,240.94	(160,027.03)	(33,263.00) (23,263.00) (290.45)	102,435.93	(57,591.10)	848,677.80		848 677 80	20.7 20,010
	Expenditures (Cont.):	Support Services: Central: Planning Staff Shecial Education:	Administrative Costs Transportation Costs	Debt Services	Cocurricular Activities: Male Activities Female Activities Transportation Combined Activities	Capital Outlay	Total Expenditures	Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	Other Financing Sources: Transfers In Transfers Out General Long-Term Debt Issued Sale of Surplus Property	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Net Change in Fund Balances	Fund Balance - Beginning	Restatements: Prior Year's Payables Improperly Recorded (See Note 10).	Restated Fund Balance - Beginning	9

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund B	269,595.59				
Amounts reported for activities are differen					
	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depr./amort. expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depr./amort. in the current period.	342,664.37			
	Payment of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	8,230.60			
	In the statement of activities, gains and losses on disposal of capital assets are reported, whereas, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the disposal of capital assets is reflected, regardless of whether a gain or loss is realized.				
	The issuance of long-term liabilities is an other financing source in the fund statements but an increase in long-term liabilities on the government-wide statements.				
	Governmental funds recognize expenditures for amounts of compensated absences actually paid to employees with current financial resources during the fiscal year. Amounts of compensated absences earned by employees are not recognized in the funds. In the statement of activities, expenses for these benefits are recognized when the employees earn leave credits.	(4,489.10)			
	Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (pension expense)				
	Changes in the pension related deferred outflows/inflows are direct components of pension liability (assets) and are not reflected in the governmental funds.	(35,324.46)			
Change in Net Position	n of Governmental Activities	526,809.64			

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS As of June 30, 2024

		Enterprise Funds	
	Food Service Fund	Driver's Education/ After School Fund	Totals
ASSETS:			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents		11,535.76	11,535.76
Accounts Receivable, Net	2,648.09		2,648.09
Inventory of Supplies	303.00		303.00
Inventory of Stores Purchased for Resale	507.00	, 	507.00
Inventory of Donated Food	225.82		225.82
Total Current Assets	3,683.91	11,535.76	15,219.67
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets: Machinery and EquipmentLocal Funds	141,795.84		141.795.84
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(47,585.58)	***************************************	(47,585.58)
			1
Total Noncurrent Assets	94,210.26	0.00	94,210.26
TOTAL ASSETS	97,894.17	11,535.76	109,429.93
LIABILITIES:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	312.98	214.57	527.55
Due to General Fund	44,066.11_		44,066.11
Contracts Payable	1,080.72	2,423.25	3,503.97
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings and			
Employer Matching Payable	1,245.90	291.97	1,537.87
Unearned Revenue - Student Meals	4,698.59		4,698.59
Unearned Revenue - Grant	20,253.31		20,253.31
TOTAL LIABILITIES	71,657.61	2,929.79	74,587.40
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	94,210.26		94,210.26
Unrestricted Net Position	(67,973.70)	8,605.97	(59,367.73)
TOTAL NET POSITION	26,236.56	8,605.97	34,842.53

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Enterprise Fund	
	Food Service Fund	Driver's Education/ After School Fund	Totals
Operating Povenue:			IOtais
Operating Revenue:			
Food Sales:	44 254 40		41,354.10
Student	<u>41,354.10</u> 7,768.83		7,768.83
Adult			6,332.95
Ala Carte	6,332.95	6,050.00	6,050.00
Driver's Education		21,494.91	21,494.91
After School Program		21,494.91	21,494.91
Total Operating Revenue	55,455.88	27,544.91	83,000.79
Operating Expenses:			
Food Service:			
Salaries	81,179.35		81,179.35
Employee Benefits	32,636.77		32,636.77
Purchased Services	3,724.98		3,724.98
Supplies	626.54		626.54
Cost of Sales - Purchased	46,514.34		46,514.34
Cost of Sales - Donated	22,206.22		22,206.22
Other	466.98		466.98
Depreciation	14,825.36		14,825.36
Driver's Education		27,234.89	27,234.89
After School Program		4,188.91	4,188.91
Total Operating Expenses	202,180.54	31,423.80	233,604.34
Operating Income (Loss)	(146,724.66)	(3,878.89)	(150,603.55)
Nonoperating Revenue:			
State Grants	232.80		232.80
Federal Grants	53,032.38		53,032.38
Donated Food	22,206.22		22,206.22
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	75,471.40	0.00	75,471.40
Income (Loss) Before Contributions	(71,253.26)	(3,878.89)	(75,132.15)
Capital Contributions	26,411.48		26,411.48
Transfers In		9,346.00	9,346.00
Change in Net Position	(44,841.78)	5,467.11	(39,374.67)
Net Position - Beginning	71,078.34	3,138.86	74,217.20
NET POSITION - ENDING	26,236.56	8,605.97	34,842.53

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT 60-3 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Enterprise Fund		
		Driver's	
	Food	Education/	
	Service	After School	
	Fund	Fund	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	00 100 10	07 544 04	00 647 40
Cash Receipts from Customers	<u>62,102.49</u> (112,420.02)	27,544.91 (28,718.56)	<u>89,647.40</u> (141,138.58)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods or Services	(51,273.94)	(1,622.65)	(52,896.59)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(101,591.47)	(2,796.30)	(104,387.77)
Not odon't fortage (code) by operating national	(10.1,000.117)		(12.3,2.2.7)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Transfers from General Fund		9,346.00	9,346.00
Operating Grants	64,142.72		64,142.72
Interfund Loan	37,448.75	0.246.00	37,448.75
Net Cash Provided (Used) from Noncapital Financing Activities	101,591.47	9,346.00	110,937.47
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(0.00)	6,549.70	6,549.70
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	0.00	4,986.06	4,986.06
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	0.00	11,535.76	11,535.76
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
	(146 704 66)	(3,878.89)	(150 602 55)
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to	(146,724.66)	(3,676.09)	(150,603.55)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Depreciation Expense	14,825.36		14,825.36
Value of Donated Commodities Used	22,206.22		22,206.22
(Increase) decrease in Receivables	1,948.02		1,948.02_
(Decrease) increase in Accounts and Other Payables	58.90	(556.46)	(497.56)
(Decrease) increase in Accrued Wages Payable	1,396.10	1,639.05	3,035.15
(Decrease) increase in Unearned Revenue	4,698.59		4,698.59
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(101,591.47)	(2,796.30)	(104,387.77)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:			
Value of Commodities Received	22,206.22		22,206.22
Equipment Purchased by Capital Outlay Fund	26,411.48_		26,411.48

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS As of June 30, 2024

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	30,201.08
TOTAL ASSETS	30,201.08
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable and Other Payables	317.38
TOTAL LIABILITIES	317.38
NET POSITION: Restricted for: Organizations Individuals	<u>35,996.53</u> (6,112.83)
TOTAL NET POSITION	29,883.70

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITON FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:	4.740.00
Contributions and Donations Collections for Student Activities	1,749.32 56,096.94
Other Additions	12,444.71
Total Additions	70,290.97
DEDUCTIONS:	
Payments for Student Activities	49,825.36
Other Deductions	12,779.44
Total Deductions	62,604.80
Change in Net Position	7,686.17
Net Position - Beginning	22,197.53
NET POSITON - ENDING	29,883.70

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

a. Financial Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of Marion School District No. 60-3 (School District) consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The School District participates in a cooperative service unit with several other school districts. See detailed note entitled "Joint Ventures" for specific disclosures. Joint ventures do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity as a component unit but are discussed in these notes because of the nature of their relationship with the School District.

b. Basis of Presentation:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources, in a net position form (assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources equal net position). Net Position is displayed in three components, as applicable, net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the School District and for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 00-5

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the School District or it meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
- 3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the School District financial reporting entity are described below within their respective fund types:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund – A fund established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the school district, excluding capital outlay fund and special education fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Outlay Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisition of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks, and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes. This is a major fund.

Special Education Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the School District. This fund is financed by grants and property taxes. This is a major fund.

Proprietary Funds:

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Activities are required to be reported as enterprise funds if any one of the following criteria is met.

a. The activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity. Debt that is secured by a pledge of net revenues from fees and charges and the full faith and credit of a related primary government or component unit—even if that government is not expected to make any payments—is not payable solely from fees and charges of the activity. (Some debt may be secured, in part, by a portion of its own proceeds but should be considered as payable "solely" from the revenues of the activity.)

MARION SCHOOL DIOTRIOT NO. 00-5

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- b. Laws or regulations require that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues.
- c. The pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

Food Service Fund – A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund.

Driver's Education/After School Fund – A fund used to record financial transactions related to the driver's education operations and after school program. This fund is financed by user charges. This is a major fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are never considered to be major funds.

Custodial Funds – Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. Custodial funds are held for student classes and activities and employee medical and daycare flex plans.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

Measurement Focus:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental funds, while the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Basis of Accounting:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

receive cash vests); and, expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental fund types are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay the bills of the current period. The accrual period does not exceed one bill-paying cycle, and for the Marion School District No. 60-3, the length of that cycle is 60 days. The revenues that were accrued at June 30, 2024, were grants from the State of South Dakota and utility taxes.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables may be measurable but not available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Unavailable revenues, where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met, are reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term liabilities which are recognized when due.

All proprietary fund and fiduciary fund types are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

d. Interfund Eliminations and Reclassifications:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified, as follows:

 In order to minimize the grossing-up effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities columns of the primary government, amounts reported as interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns, except for the net, residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as Internal Balances, if any.

e. Deposits and Investments:

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with a term to maturity at date of acquisition of three months or less. Investments in open-end mutual fund shares, or similar investments in external investment pools, are also considered to be cash equivalents.

Investments classified in the financial statements consist entirely of certificates of deposit whose term to maturity at date of acquisition exceeds three months, and/or those types of investment authorized by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 4-5-6.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

f. Capital Assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment over capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date donated. Reported cost values include ancillary charges necessary to place the asset into its intended location and condition for use. Subsequent to initial capitalization, improvements or betterments that are significant, and which extend the useful life of a capital asset are also capitalized.

The total June 30, 2024 balance of capital assets for governmental activities and business-type activities are all valued at original costs.

For governmental activities and business-type activities/proprietary fund's operations capital assets, construction-period interest is not capitalized, in accordance with USGAAP.

Depreciation/Amortization of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities, with net capital assets reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Accumulated depreciation/Amortization is reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position and on the proprietary fund's Statement of Net Position.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation/amortization methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	Capitalization		Depreciation/ Amortization	Estimated
	Tr	reshold	Method	Useful Life
Land	\$	1.00	N/A	N/A
Improvements	\$	2,000.00	Straight-line	25-100 yrs.
Buildings	\$	2,000.00	Straight-line	100-150 yrs.
Machinery & Equipment	\$	2,000.00	Straight-line	5-25 yrs.
Food Service Equipment	\$	2,000.00	Straight-line	12 yrs.

Land is an inexhaustible capital asset and is not depreciated. Intangible leased assets do not have a capitalization threshold, but the School Districts policy is to amortize over the life of the lease.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the appropriate governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide statements.

g. Leases:

The School District is a lessee for a noncancellable lease of copiers. The School District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The School District recognizes right to use lease liabilities that are deemed material.

At the commencement of a lease, the School District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the School District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The School District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the School District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the School District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The School District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other intangible assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.

h. Long-Term Liabilities:

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term liabilities primarily consist of compensated absences and a right-to-use lease payable.

In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources), while payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term liabilities is on the accrual basis, the same in the fund statements as in the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

i. Program Revenues:

In the government-wide Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the School District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

- Charges for services These arise from charges to customers, applications, or others who
 purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise
 directly affected by the services.
- 2. Program-specific operating grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
- 3. Program-specific capital grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

j. Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent consumption of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until the applicable future period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent acquisitions of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as inflow of resources until the applicable future period.

k. Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications:

In the proprietary fund's Statement of Activities, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, non-capital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues or expenses.

I. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The School District pools its cash resources for depositing and investing purposes. Accordingly, the enterprise fund have access to their cash resources on demand. Accordingly, all reported enterprise fund deposit and investment balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

m. Equity Classifications:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as Net Position and is displayed in three components.

1. Net Investment in Capital Assets— Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

- 2. Restricted Net Position Consists of net position with constraints placed on its use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and is distinguished between Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, or Unassigned components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity is reported as restricted net position.

n. Application of Net Position:

It is the School District's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

o. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the School District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed</u> includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are
 internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making
 authority and does not lapse at year-end.
- <u>Assigned</u> includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the Business Manager.
- <u>Unassigned</u> includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The School District uses restricted/committed amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the School District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The School District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The purpose of each major special revenue fund and revenue source is listed below:

Major Special Revenue Fund: Revenue Source:

Capital Outlay Fund Real Estate Taxes and Grants
Special Education Fund Real Estate Taxes and Grants

p. Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) and additions to/deletions from SDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SDRS. School District contributions and net pension liability (asset) are recognized on an accrual basis of accounting.

2. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT, CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK</u>

The School District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized as follows:

Deposits – The School District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1 and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits school district funds to be invested only in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the Unites States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

As of June 30, 2024, the School District did not have any investments. The investments reported in the financial statements consist only of certificates of deposit.

Credit Risk – State law limits eligible investments for the School District, as discussed above. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk – The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Assignment of Investment Income – State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The School District's policy is to credit all income from investments to the fund making the investment.

3. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables and payables are not aggregated in these financial statements. The School District expects all receivables to be collected within one year.

4. INVENTORY

Inventory held for consumption is stated at cost. Inventory for Resale is stated at the lower of cost or market. The cost valuation method is first-in, first-out. Donated commodities are valued at estimated market value based on the USDA price list at date of receipt.

In the government-wide financial statements, and in the enterprise fund financial statements, inventory items are initially recorded as assets and charged to expense in the various functions of government as they are consumed.

In the fund financial statements, inventories in the General Fund, special revenue funds, and proprietary funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed in the General Fund, special revenue funds, and the proprietary funds. At June 30, 2024, the supplies inventory on hand were not material in the General Fund and special revenue funds.

5. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied on or before each October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property, and become due and payable as of the following January 1 and are payable in two installments on or before the following April 30 and October 31. The county bills and collects the School District's taxes and remits them to the School District.

School District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable which is not intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations and therefore are not susceptible to accrual has been reported as unavailable revenue in both the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements. Additionally, in the fund financial statements, revenue from property taxes may be limited by any amount not collected during the current fiscal period or within the "availability period."

6. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024, is as follows:

Г	Timaly Government	Balance 07/01/23	Increases	Decreases	Balance 06/30/24
(Governmental Activities: Capital Assets, not being depreciated/amortized:	1 	<u> </u>		
	Land	154,679.61_			154,679.61
	Total, not being depreciated/amortized	154,679.61	0.00	0.00	154,679.61
	Capital Assets, being depreciated/amortized:				
	Improvements	222,892.32			222,892.32
	Buildings	3,195,998.95	245,440.53		3,441,439.48
	Machinery & Equipment	1,149,409.88	201,876.66	(2,578.70)	1,348,707.84
	Intangible Lease Asset	40,686.60	43,500.00	(40,686.60)	43,500.00
	Total, being depreciated/amortized	4,608,987.75	490,817.19	(43,265.30)	5,056,539.64
	Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization for:				
	Improvements	(63,685.91)	(9,369.26)		(73,055.17)
	Buildings	(1,049,192.62)	(68,082.73)		(1,117,275.35)
	Machinery & Equipment	(671,578.79)	(62,100.83)	2,578.70	(731,100.92)
	Intangible Lease Asset	(16,074.64)	(8,600.00)	16,074.64	(8,600.00)
	Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(1,800,531.96)	(148,152.82)	18,653.34	(1,930,031.44)
	Total Capital Assets, being deprec./amort., net	2,808,455.79	342,664.37	(24,611.96)	3,126,508.20
(Governmental Activity Capital Assets, Net	2,963,135.40	342,664.37	(24,611.96)	3,281,187.81

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:	FY24
Instruction	32,688.19
Support Services	93,429.18
Co-curricular Activities	22,035.45
Total Depreciation/amortization Expense - Governmental Activities	148,152.82

	Balance 07/01/23	Increases	Decreases	Balance 06/30/24
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital Assets, being depreciated/amortized:				
Machinery & Equipment	115,384.36	26,411.48		141,795.84
Total, being depreciated/amortized	115,384.36	26,411.48	0.00	141,795.84
Less Accumulated Depreciation/amortization for:				
Machinery & Equipment	(32,760.22)	(14,825.36)		(47,585.58)
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(32,760.22)	(14,825.36)	0.00	(47,585.58)
Total Capital Assets, being deprec./amort., net	82,624.14	11,586.12	0.00	94,210.26
Business-Type Activity Capital Assets, Net	82,624.14	11,586.12	0.00	94,210.26

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions as follows:

Business-Type Activities:	FY24
Food Services	14,825.36
Total Depreciation/Amortization Expense - Business-Type Activities	14,825.36

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of the changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

Drimon: Covernment	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:					
Right-to-Use Lease Payable -					
Marco Copiers	6,780.60	43,500.00	8,230.60	42,050.00	8,700.00
Total Debt	6,780.60	43,500.00	8,230.60	42,050.00	8,700.00
Accrued Compensated Absences	31,396.75	4,489.10		35,885.85	15,000.00
Total Governmental Activities	38,177.35	47,989.10	8,230.60	77,935.85	23,700.00
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	38,177.35	47,989.10	8,230.60	77,935.85	23,700.00

Liabilities payable at June 30, 2024, is comprised of the following:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental Activities:

Right-to-Use Lease Payable - Marco Copiers

\$ 42,050.00

The School District entered into a right-to-use agreement for copiers with Marco Technologies. The Lease is non-cancelable and in the event of default a) equipment may need to be returned at the District's expense and pay 1) all past due amounts with added the grater of 5.0% interest or \$20.00 and 2) all remaining payments for the unexpired term, plus booked residual both discounted at 2% annum.

Accrued Leave Payable:
Accrued Sick Leave Payable
Payable from General Fund

\$ 35,885.85

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, except for compensated absences, for all liabilities outstanding as of June 30, 2024, are as follows:

Annual Requirements to Maturity for Long-Term Liabilities June 30, 2024

Year		
Ending	Right-to-Use Le	ase Payable
June 30,	Marco Co	piers
	Principal	Interest
2025	8,700.00	·
2026	8,700.00	
2027	8,700.00	
2028	8,700.00	
2029	7,250.00	
Totals	42,050.00	0.00

8. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Restricted net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, were as follows:

FUND:	Restricted By:	6/30/2024	
Capital Outlay	Law	\$ 1,757,886.92	
Special Education	Law	59,154.13	
SDRS Pension	Governmental Accounting Standards	242,131.33	
Total Restricted Net Position		\$ 2,059,172.38	

9. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024 were as follows:

Transfers To:					
		Special	Driver's	Education/After	
General Fund	Edu	ication Fund	S	chool Fund	Totals
	•	23 017 00	¢	9.346.00	\$ 33,263.00
\$ 135,408.48	φ	25,917.00	Ψ	9,540.00	\$ 135,408.48
\$ 135,408.48	\$	23,917.00	\$	9,346.00	\$ 168,671.48
	\$ 135,408.48	\$ 135,408.48	General Fund Special Education Fund \$ 23,917.00	General Fund Special Education Fund Driver's Street \$ 23,917.00 \$	Special Driver's Education/After School Fund \$ 23,917.00 \$ 9,346.00

Transfers were made as allowed by law to conduct indispensable functions of the district.

10. INDIVIDUAL FUND INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2024, were:

	Interruna	interruna	
Fund:	Receivables	Payables	
General Fund	\$ 44,066.11		
Food Service Fund		44,066.11	

Interfund receivables/payables were established to cover the temporary cash deficit.

11. RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR PERIOD

The accounts payable in the Capital Outlay Fund was misstated in FY23 due to the timing of a capital asset purchase. A restatement is necessary to ensure that the cutoff of capital assets align with expenses. As a result, the School District restated the beginning fund balance/net position of the Capital Outlay Fund and governmental activities as of July 1, 2024 as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Net Position July 1, 2024, as previously reported Restatement:	\$ 5,481,165.09
Prior Year's Payables Improperly Recorded	45,536.31
Net Pension Asset July 1, 2024, as Restated	\$ 5,526,701.40
	Capital Outlay
	Fund
Fund Balance July 1, 2024, as previously reported Restatement:	\$ 1,469,067.75
Prior Year's Payables Improperly Recorded	45,536.31
Fund Balance July 1, 2024, as Restated	\$ 1,514,604.06

12. PENSION PLAN

Plan Information:

All employees, working more than 20 hours per week during the year, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS). SDRS is a hybrid defined benefit plan designed with several defined contribution plan type provisions and is administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at http://www.sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx or by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

Benefits Provided:

SDRS has four different classes of employees, Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members, and Class D Department of Labor and Regulation members.

Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Class A and B eligible spouses of Foundation members will receive a 60 percent joint survivor benefit when the member dies.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

- Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to the long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%.
- If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%.
- If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

Legislation enacted in 2021 reduced the minimum COLA from 0.5 percent to 0.0 percent.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

Contributions:

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class

B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. The School District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022, equal to required contributions each year, were \$107,951.90, \$93,707.30, and \$93,306.60 respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions:

At June 30, 2023, SDRS is 100.1% funded and accordingly has a net pension asset. The proportionate share of the components of the net pension asset of South Dakota Retirement System, for the School District as of the measurement period ending June 30, 2023 and reported by the School District as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$	(6,151.03)
Less proportionate share of net pension restricted for pension benefits	_\$	9,138,185.54
Proportionate share of pension liability	\$	9,132,034.51

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported a liability (asset) of \$(6,151.03) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2023, the School District's proportion was 0.06302000%, which is an increase (decrease) of (0.0021020%) from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School District recognized pension expense (reduction of pension expense) of \$(21,079.86). At June 30, 2024, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows Of Resources			erred Inflows <u>Resources</u>	
Difference between expected and actual experience.		\$	174,354.06			
Changes in assumption.		\$	210,295.27	\$	307,404.87	
Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.		\$	40,951.47			
Changes in proportion and difference between School contributions and proportianate share of contributions		\$	9,832.47			
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date.	į	\$	107,951.90	ii —		
	TOTAL	\$	543,385.17	\$	307,404.87	

\$107,951.90 reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30:		
2025	88,791.95	
2026	(90,596.96)
2027	120,796.89	
2028	9,036.52	
TOTAL	\$ 128,028.40	

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability (asset) in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Graded by years of service, from 7.66% at entry to 3.15% after 25 years of service Salary Increases Discount Rate

6.50% net of plan investment expense. This is composed of an average inflation

rate of 2.50% and real returns of 4.00%

Future COLAs 1.91%

Mortality Rates

All mortality rates based on Pub-2010 amount-weighted mortality tables, projected

Generationally with improvement scale MP-2020

Active and Terminated Vested Members:

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial PubT-2010

Other Class A Members: PubG-2010 Public Safety Members: PubS-2010

Retired Members:

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial Retirees: PubT-2010, 108% of rates above age 65 Other Class A Retirees: PubG-2010, 93% of rates through age 74, increasing by 2% per year until 111% of rates at age 83 and above.

Public Safety Retirees: PubS-2010, 102% of rates at all ages.

Beneficiaries:

PubG-2010 contingent survivor mortality table

Disabled Members:

Public Safety: PubS-2010 disabled member mortality table Others: PubG-2010 disabled member mortality table

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2021.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of

care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public Equity Investment Grade Debt High Yield Debt Real Estate Cash Total	56.3% 22.8% 7.0% 12.0% 1.9%	3.8% 1.7% 2.7% 3.5% 0.8%

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

Sensitivity of liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.50% as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1%	Discount	1%
	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Increase</u>
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$1,260,745.96	\$(6,151.03)	\$(1,042,231.10)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

MAKION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

13. JOINT VENTURES

The School District participates in the Cornbelt Educational Cooperative, a cooperative service unit (coop) formed for the purpose of providing special education services to the member school districts.

The members of the co-op and their relative percentage participation in the co-op are as follows:

Bridgewater-Emery School District No. 30-3	10.41%
Canistota School District No. 43-1	9.16%
Ethan School District No. 17-1	8.84%
Freeman School District No. 33-1	15.09%
Hanson School District No. 30-1	12.38%
Marion School District No. 60-3	6.22%
McCook School District No. 43-7	14.47%
Montrose School District No. 43-2	8.09%
Parker School District No. 60-4	15.34%

The co-op's governing board is composed of two representatives from each member school district, who are one school board member who serves on the Board of Directors and the superintendent who serves on the advisory board. The board is responsible for adopting the co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

The School District retains no equity in the net position of the co-op but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the co-op in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from the Cornbelt Educational Cooperative.

At June 30, 2024, this joint venture had total assets plus deferred outflows of \$1,365,249.68, total liabilities and deferred inflows of \$385,083.04, and net position of \$980,166.64.

14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended June 30, 2024, the School District managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance:

The School District purchases health insurance for its employees from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Liability Insurance:

The School District joined the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Property and Liability Fund (ASBSD-PLF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota school districts. The objective of the ASBSD-PLF is to administer and provide risk management services and risk sharing facilities to the members and to defend and protect the members against liability, to advise members on loss control guidelines and procedures, and provide them with risk management services, loss control and risk reduction information and to obtain lower costs for

WARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 00-5

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

that coverage. The School District's responsibility is to promptly report to and cooperate with the ASBSD-PLF to resolve any incident which could result in a claim being made by or against the School District. The School District pays an annual premium, to provide liability coverage detailed below, under a claims-made policy and the premiums are accrued based on their exposure or type of coverage. The School District pays an annual premium to the pool to provide coverage for liability insurance for risks related to torts, theft or damage to property, errors and omissions of public officials, and vehicle insurance.

The agreement with the ASBSD-PLF provides that the above coverages will be provided to a \$2,000,000 limit. Member premiums are used by the pool for payment of claims and to pay for reinsurance for claims in excess of \$100,000 to the upper limit. The School District carries a \$1,000 to \$2,500 deductible for the property insurance coverage.

The School District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Workers' Compensation:

The School District participates, with several other educational units and related organizations in South Dakota, in the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Workers' Compensation Fund Pool which provides workers' compensation insurance coverage for participating members of the pool. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop, and administer, on behalf of the member organizations, a program of workers' compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. The School District's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report to and cooperate with the Fund to resolve any worker's compensation claims. The School District pays an annual premium, to provide workers' compensation coverage for its employees, under a retrospectively rated policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the fund members. The School District may also be responsible for additional assessments in the event the pool is determined by its board of trustees to have inadequate reserves to satisfy current obligations or judgments. Additional assessments, if any, are to be determined on a prorated basis based upon each participant's percentage of contribution in relation to the total contributions to the pool of all participants for the year in which the shortfall occurs. The pool provides loss coverage to all participants through pool retained risk retention and through insurance coverage purchased by the pool in excess of the retained risk. The pool pays the first \$500,000 of any claim per individual. The pool has reinsurance which covers up to an additional \$1,000,000 per individual per incident.

The School District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits:

The School District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits.

During the year ended June 30, 2024, no claims were filed for unemployment benefits. At June 30, 2024, no claims had been filed or were outstanding. It is not anticipated that any claims for unemployment benefits will be filed in the next fiscal year.

15. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES - LITIGATION

At June 30, 2024, the School District was not involved in any significant litigation.

16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The School District made purchases totaling \$11,193.63 from a business owned by a board member.

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated whether any subsequent events have occurred through September 29, 2025, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

				Variance with
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Final Budget -
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Revenue from Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	1,125,589.15	1,125,589.15	1,135,004.93	9,415.78
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	3,500.00	3,500.00	1,898.82	(1,601.18)
Tax Deed Revenue	0.00	0.00	1,780.24	1,780.24
Utility Taxes	309,514.93	309,514.93	304,160.16	(5,354.77)
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	1,500.00	1,500.00	1,717.66	217.66
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	3,500.00	3,500.00	29,589.33	26,089.33
Cocurricular Activities:			10 700 51	0.000.54
Admissions	3,900.00	3,900.00	10,702.51	6,802.51
Rentals	0.00	0.00	500.00	500.00
Other Student Activitity Income	600.00	600.00	2,839.15	2,239.15
Other Revenue from Local Sources:	050.00	050.00	0.00	(250.00)
Rentals	250.00	250.00	6,248.87	(250.00)
Contributions and Donations	500.00	5,000.00	3,872.09	5,748.87 (1,127.91)
Charges for Services	5,000.00			
Other	3,000.00	3,000.00	15,474.02	12,474.02
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:				
County Sources:	11,011.00	11,011.00	12,759.75	1,748.75
County Apportionment	2,150.00	2,150.00	2,575.49	425.49
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	2,150.00	2,150.00	2,575.49	420.43
Revenue from State Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	733,830.72	733,830.72	671,264.03	(62,566.69)
Revenue from Federal Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Directly from Federal Government		0.000.00	04.000.00	00 000 00
	8,000.00	8,000.00	34,623.00	26,623.00
Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received				
from Federal Government	407.000.05	405 000 05	440,000,00	(40.050.40)
Through the State	125,262.05	125,262.05	113,203.86	(12,058.19)
Total Revenue	2,337,107.85	2,337,107.85	2,348,213.91	11,106.06
Total Revenue	2,007,107.00	2,007,107.00	2,040,210.01	11,100.00
Format Manager				
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Regular Programs:	E70 470 0E	570,472.85	501,632.60	68,840.25
Elementary	<u>570,472.85</u> 290,671.97	290,671.97	276,447.78	14,224.19
Middle/Junior High	472,661.88	472,661.88	430,995.66	41,666.22
High School		26,546.45	26,400.18	146.27
Preschool Services	26,546.45	20,040.40	20,400.10	140.27
Special Programs:	4,125.44	4,125.44_	4,091.49	33.95
Culturally Different	96,954.87	192,776.66	75,453.58	117,323.08
Educationally Deprived	3,434.70	3,434.70	325.00	3,109.70
Other Special Programs	3,434.70	3,434.70	323.00	0,100.70

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Expenditures (Cont.):				
Support Services:				
Students:	00 470 00	400 004 00	75 500 04	00 440 00
Guidance	66,479.93	138,034.02	75,593.34	62,440.68
Health	1,660.11	1,660.11	1,144.64	515.47
Instructional Staff:	22 425 00	22 425 00	16 070 17	5,246.53
Improvement of Instruction	<u>22,125.00</u> 62,537.36	22,125.00 77,924.66	16,878.47 52,475.98	25,448.68
Educational Media	02,537.30	17,924.00	52,475.96	20,440.00
General Administration: Board of Education	63,030.47	65,765.48	57,776.93	7,988.55
Executive Administration	151,015.11	153,230.04	137,785.98	15,444.06
School Administration:		100,200.04	107,700.00	10,777.00
Office of the Principal	121,415.25	121,415.25	109,188.46	12,226.79
Other	1,144.90	1,144.90	175.60	969.30
Business:	1,141.00	1,111100		
Fiscal Services	205,329.30	205,329.30	188,542.61	16,786.69
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	351,506.80	396,737.80	358,977.22	37,760.58
Student Transportation Services	71,986.76	71,986.76	53,876.33	18,110.43
Food Services	6,000.00	6,000.00	5,544.57	455.43
Central:				
Planning	950.00	950.00	251.51	698.49
Staff	1,200.00	2,538.00	1,337.75	1,200.25
				:
Non-Programmed Charges:				
Payments to State - Unemployment	1,144.90_	1,144.90	0.00	1,144.90
Cocurricular Activities:				
Male Activities	35,607.10	47,912.10	34,559.59	13,352.51
Female Activities	35,338.26	41,130.26	32,604.65	8,525.61
Transportation	16,408.60	23,924.60	17,118.84	6,805.76
Combined Activities	69,093.89	74,080.89	49,062.18	25,018.71
Compined Activities	00,000.00	14,000.00	10,002.10	20,010.71
Contingencies	28,622.50	28,622.50		
Amount Transferred		0.00		28,622.50
7 mount Transion of				
Total Expenditures	2,777,464.40	3,042,346.52	2,508,240.94	534,105.58
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)				
Expenditures	(440,356.55)	(705,238.67)	(160,027.03)	545,211.64
Otto El Company (Hara)				
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	044 000 00	447.000.40	405 400 40	7044 000 00V
Transfers In	311,660.00	447,068.48	135,408.48	(311,660.00)
Transfers Out	0.00	(33,263.00)	(33,263.00)	290.45
Sale of Surplus Property	0.00	0.00 413,805.48	290.45	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	311,660.00	413,000.40	102,435.93	(311,369.55)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(128,696.55)	(291,433.19)	(57,591.10)	233,842.09
Fund Balance - Beginning	848,677.80	848,677.80	848,677.80	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	719,981.25	557,244.61	791,086.70	233,842.09

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Revenue from Local Sources:				
Taxes:			000 474 00	4 400 00
Ad Valorem Taxes	697,990.80	697,990.80	699,474.63	1,483.83
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	1,500.00	1,500.00	714.61	(785.39)
Tax Deed Revenue	0.00	0.00	453.80	453.80
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	0.00	0.00	1,011.74	1,011.74
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	6,500.00	6,500.00	0.00	(6,500.00)
Revenue from State Sources:				
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	0.00	0.00	2,920.50	2,920.50
Revenue from Federal Sources:				
Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received Directly				
from Federal Government	0.00	0.00	64,000.00	64,000.00
Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received from				
Federal Government Through the State	246,159.00	246,159.00	264,837.20	18,678.20
Total Revenue	952,149.80	952,149.80	1,033,412.48	81,262.68
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Regular Programs:				
Elementary	54,347.00	54,347.00	38,890.46	15,456.54
Middle/Junior High	55,492.00	55,492.00	31,063.45	24,428.55
High School	62,361.60	62,361.60	43,690.29	18,671.31
Special Programs:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Educationally Deprived	0.00	0.00	32,900.84	(32,900.84)
Support Services:				
Students:				
Guidance	2,289.80	2,289.80	0.00	2,289.80
Instructional Staff:				
Educational Media	46,412.10	46,412.10	44,395.62	2,016.48
General Administration:				
Executive Administration	1,144.90	1,144.90	0.00	1,144.90
School Administration:)	
Office of the Principal	1,144.90	1,144.90	0.00	1,144.90
Business:		.,		
Fiscal Services	6,298.00	13,057.60	8,477.60	4,580.00
Facitilities Acquisition and Construction	88,157.00	228,712.00	228,711.47	0.53
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	279,619.49	359,074.49	185,458.12	173,616.37
Student Transportation Services	154,527.35	154,527.35	55,884.57	98,642.78
Food Services	5,350.00	5,350.00	597.65	4,752.35
		0,000.00	001.00	1,702.00
Central: Planning	10,304.10	10,304.10	4,900.00	5,404.10
Debt Services	9,273.69	9,273.69	8,230.60	1,043.09

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Expenditures (Cont.):				***************************************
Cocurricular Activities:				
Combined Activities	16,028.00	18,948.50	15,020.47	3,928.03
Total Expenditures	792,749.93	1,022,440.03	698,221.14	324,218.89
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)				
Expenditures	159,399.87	(70,290.23)	335,191.34	405,481.57
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers Out Proceeds of General Long-Term Liabilities Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balances	(311,660.00) 0.00 (311,660.00) (152,260.13)	(447,068.48) 0.00 (447,068.48) (517,358.71)	(135,408.48) 43,500.00 (91,908.48) 243,282.86	311,660.00 43,500.00 355,160.00 760,641.57
Fund Balance - Beginning	_1,469,067.75	1,469,067.75	1,469,067.75	0.00
Restatements: Prior Year's Payables Improperly Recorded (See Note 10).	0.00	0.00	45,536.31	45,536.31
Restated Fund Balance - Beginning	1,469,067.75	_1,469,067.75	1,514,604.06	45,536.31
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	1,316,807.62	951,709.04	1,757,886.92	806,177.88

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND

	Budaeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Revenue from Local Sources: Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	396,871.42	396,871.42	471,377.03	74,505.61
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	1,500.00	1,500.00	32,175.87	30,675.87
Tax Deed Revenue	0.00	0.00	333.85	333.85
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	1,000.00	1,000.00	657.17	(342.83)
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	200.00	200.00	0.00	(200.00)
Other Revenue from Local Sources: Charges for Services	31,000.00	31,000.00	36,035.23	5,035.23
v	01,000.00		30,000.20	
Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid:				
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	239,530.00	239,530.00	180,836.00	(58,694.00)
Total Revenue	670,101.42	670,101.42	721,415.15	51,313.73
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Special Programs:				
Programs for Special Education	483,886.87	530,452.87	435,287.40	95,165.47
Support Services: Students:				
Health	6,955.00	25,909.00	18,953.50	6,955.50
Psychological	3,000.00	3,000.00	1,153.80	1,846.20
Speech Pathology	65,897.00	95,588.00	67,989.24	27,598.76
Student Therapy Services	43,660.00	95,597.00	51,936.31	43,660.69
Instructional Staff:				
Educational Media	0.00	195.00	194.44	0.56
General Administration			0.004.44	4 007 04
Board of Education	3,683.48	4,628.48	3,261.44	1,367.04
Business:	0.000.00	6 000 00	E 121 E2	060 40
Fiscal Services	6,000.00	6,000.00	5,131.52	868.48
Special Education: Administrative Costs	3,343.47	28,980.52	28,980.52	0.00
Transportation Costs	53,675.60	94,897.66	48,540.15	46,357.51
Total Expenditures	670,101.42	885,248.53	661,428.32	223,820.21
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)			P	
Expenditures	0.00	(215,147.11)	59,986.83	275,133.94
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	0.00	23,917.00	23,917.00	0.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0.00	23,917.00	23,917.00	0.00
Net Change in Fund Balances	0.00	(191,230.11)	83,903.83	275,133.94
Fund Balance - Beginning	(24,749.70)	(24,749.70)	(24,749.70)	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	(24,749.70)	(215,979.81)	59,154.13	275,133.94

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2024

Schedules of Budgetary Comparisons for the General Fund and for each major Special Revenue Fund with a legally required budget.

Note 1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The School District followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the first regular board meeting in May of each year the school board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
- 2. The proposed budget is considered by the school board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year.
- 3. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 each year.
- 4. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
- 5. Before October 1 of each year, the school board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except fiduciary funds.
- 6. After adoption by the school board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated by number 8.
- 7. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total school district budget and may be transferred by resolution of the school board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year. No amount of expenditures may be charged directly to the contingency line item in the budget.
- 8. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows adoption of supplemental budgets when moneys are available to increase legal spending authority.
- 9. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the school board.
- 10. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and special revenue funds.
- 11. Budgets for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Note 2. GAAP/Budgetary Accounting Basis Differences

The financial statements prepared in conformity with USGAAP present capital outlay expenditure information in a separate category of expenditures. Under the budgetary basis of accounting, capital outlay expenditures are reported within the function to which they relate. For example, the purchase of a new school bus would be reported as a capital outlay expenditure on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, however in the Budgetary RSI Schedule, the purchase of a school bus would be reported as an expenditure of the Support Services-Business/Pupil Transportation function of government, along with all other current Pupil Transportation related expenditures.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

South Dakota Retirement System

* Last 10 Fiscal Years

						District's			
			District's			proportionate share of the net pension	Plan fiduciary net position as a		
	District's proportion of the net pension liability/asset	Ċ	proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)		oroportionate share of net pension District's covered-		liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	
2024	0.0630200%	\$	(6,151)	\$	1,561,788	0.39%	100.10%		
2023	0.0651220%	\$	(6,154)	\$	1,555,114	0.40%	100.10%		
2022	0.0684710%	\$	(524,371)	\$	1,554,850	33.72%	105.52%		
2021	0.0540944%	\$	(2,349)	\$	1,538,637	0.15%	100.04%		
2020	0.0684231%	\$	(7,251)	\$	1,330,412	0.55%	100.09%		
2019	0.0659714%	\$	(1,539)	\$	1,371,486	0.11%	100.02%		
2018	0.0655529%	\$	(5,949)	\$	1,331,897	0.45%	100.10%		
2017	0.0609972%	\$	206,043	\$	1,159,853	17.76%	96.89%		
2016	0.0617913%	\$	(262,075)	\$	1,128,115	23.23%	104.10%		
2015	0.0636048%	\$	(458,247)	\$	1,112,270	41.20%	107.30%		

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability (asset) which is 6/30 of the previous fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

South Dakota Retirement System

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	ontractually ed contribution	rel:	ntributions in ation to the entractually ed contribution	def	tribution ficiency xcess)	Dist	rict's covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
2024	\$ 107,952	\$	107,952	\$	-	\$	1,799,203	6.00%
2023	\$ 93,707	\$	93,707	\$	-	\$	1,561,788	6.00%
2022	\$ 93,307	\$	93,307	\$	-	\$	1,555,114	6.00%
2021	\$ 93,230	\$	93,230	\$	-	\$	1,554,850	6.00%
2020	\$ 92,318	\$	92,318	\$	-	\$	1,538,637	6.00%
2019	\$ 79,825	\$	79,825	\$	-	\$	1,330,412	6.00%
2018	\$ 82,289	\$	82,289	\$	-	\$	1,371,486	6.00%
2017	\$ 79,914	\$	79,914	\$	-	\$	1,331,897	6.00%
2016	\$ 69,592	\$	69,592	\$	-	\$	1,159,853	6.00%
2015	\$ 67,688	\$	67,688	\$	-	\$	1,128,115	6.00%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Schedule of Pension Contributions.

Changes from Prior Valuation

The June 30, 2023 Actuarial Valuation reflects no changes to the plan provisions or actuarial methods and one change in actuarial assumptions from the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation.

The details of the changes since the last valuation are as follows:

Benefit Provision Changes

During the 2023 Legislative Session no significant SDRS benefit changes were made and emergency medical services personnel prospectively became Class B Public Safety members.

Actuarial Method Changes

No changes in actuarial methods were made since the prior valuation

Actuarial Assumption Changes

The SDRS COLA equals the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0% and no greater than 3.5%. However, if the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%.

As of June 30, 2022, the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (2.25%) was less than 100% and the July 2023 SDRS COLA was limited to a restricted maximum of 2.10%. For the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA assumption of 2.10%.

As of June 30, 2023, the FVFR assuming future COLAs equal to the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25% is again less than 100% and the July 2024 SDRS COLA is limited to a restricted maximum of 1.91%. The July 2024 SDRS COLA will equal inflation, between 0% and 1.91%. For this June 30, 2023 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA of 1.91%.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed for reasonability annually and reviewed in depth periodically, with the next experience analysis anticipated before the June 30, 2027 Actuarial Valuation and any recommended changes approved by the Board of Trustees are anticipated to be first implemented in the June 30, 2027 Actuarial Valuation.